**Annex A – suggested text for foreign Governments to use in their communications (e.g. on government websites) about travel to the UK**

**UK travel advice**

Travel requirements to the UK have changed. eVisas have replaced physical immigration documents; and Electronic Travel Authorisation (ETA) has been introduced, which is a digital permission to travel to the UK border for non-visa nationals.

You may [need a visa](https://www.gov.uk/check-uk-visa/) to go to the UK to visit, study or work.

If you hold a UK visa and used a biometric residence permit or card to prove your immigration status, get access to your **eVisa** before you travel and make sure your passport details are up to date: [www.gov.uk/eVisa](https://www.gov.uk/eVisa)

If you already have an eVisa, please tell the UK Government about the passport you intend to use for travel: [[www.gov.uk/update-uk-visas-immigration-account-details](file:///C%3A%5CUsers%5Csoneil%5CAppData%5CLocal%5CMicrosoft%5CWindows%5CINetCache%5CContent.Outlook%5CMTI6A79P%5Cwww.gov.uk%5Cupdate-uk-visas-immigration-account-details)](https://www.gov.uk/update-uk-visas-immigration-account-details)

Physical immigration documents that have not expired, or do not have an expiry date, can continue to be used as valid evidence of UK immigration permission for travel purposes.

If you do not need a visa to visit the UK for short stays of up to six months, and you do not already have a UK immigration status, you will need an **Electronic Travel Authorisation (ETA)**. Check when you need an ETA to travel to the UK and apply: [www.gov.uk/electronic-travel-authorisation](https://www.gov.uk/electronic-travel-authorisation)

People who are exempt from UK immigration control should follow this [guidance](https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/exempt-exm/exempt-exm).

For further information about what you need to do, see: [www.gov.uk/browse/visas-immigration/what-you-need-to-do](https://www.gov.uk/browse/visas-immigration/what-you-need-to-do)